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insure satisfactory adjustment in employment; and

(iii) Personal adjustment and work adjustment training.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b))

- (3) Such other services and assistance of the kind provided veterans under chapter 31, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, as are necessary to enable the veteran to prepare for, and participate in, vocational training or employment.
- (b) Services and assistance not provided. VA will not provide to a participant under this program any:
 - (1) Loan;
 - (2) Subsistence allowance;
- (3) Automobile adaptive equipment of the kind provided eligible veterans under 38 U.S.C., chapter 39 or chapter
- (4) Training at an institution of higher learning in a program of education that is not predominantly vocational in content:
- (5) Employment adjustment allowance:
- (6) Room and board in a special rehabilitation facility for a period in excess of 30 days:
- (7) Independent living services, except those which are indispensable to the pursuit of the vocational training program during the period of rehabilitation to the point of employability under §21.6160 of this part; or
- (8) Period of extended evaluation under 38 U.S.C. 3106(e).

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b))

DURATION OF TRAINING

§21.6070 Basic duration of a vocational training program.

(a) Basic duration of a vocational training program. The duration of a vocational training program may not exceed 24 calendar months of full-time training except as provided in §21.6072 of this part.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(2))

(b) Responsibility for estimating the duration of a vocational training program. The counseling psychologist is responsible for estimating the time needed by the veteran to complete a vocational training program. The estimate is

made in consultation with the veteran and the vocational rehabilitation specialist during the preparation of the IWRP.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(1))

(c) Duration of training prescribed must meet general requirements for entry into the occupation selected. The veterans will be provided training for a period sufficient for the veteran to reach the level generally recognized as necessary for entry into employment in a suitable occupational objective. Where a particular degree, diploma or certificate is generally necessary for entry into employment, the veteran may be trained to that level.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b))

- (d) When duration of the training period may be expanded beyond the entry level. If the amount of training the particular veteran needs in order to qualify for employment in a particular occupation will exceed the amount generally needed for employment in that occupation, VA may provide the necessary additional training under one or more of the following conditions:
- (1) Training requirements for employment in the area in which the veteran lives or will seek employment exceed those generally needed for employment;
- (2) The veteran is preparing for a type of work in which he or she will be at a definite disadvantage in competing with nondisabled persons for a job or business, and the additional training will offset the competitive disadvantage:
- (3) The choice of a feasible occupation is limited and additional training will enhance the veteran's employability in one of the feasible occupations or
- (4) The number of employment opportunities within a feasible occupation is restricted.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(2))

- (e) Estimating the duration of the training period needed. The counseling psychologist, in estimating duration of the training period needed, must determine that:
- (1) The proposed vocational training program must be one which, when pursued full-time by a nondisabled person,

would not normally require more than 24 calendar months of pursuit for successful completion;

- (2) The program of training and other services needed by the veteran, based upon VA's evaluation, will not exceed 24 calendar months, if training is pursued on a full-time basis, or 36 calendar months if pursued on a less than full-time basis. In making this determination the following criteria will be applied:
- (i) The number of actual months and days of the period during which the veteran will pursue the training program will be counted;
- (ii) Days of authorized leave and other periods during which the veteran will not be pursuing training, such as periods between terms will also be counted;
- (iii) The period of evaluation prior to determination of reasonable feasibility will be excluded but the actual number of months and days needed to evaluate and improve rehabilitation potential during the training program will be included:
- (iv) The time required, as determined in months and days under paragraph (e)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section, will be the total period that would be required for the veteran to accomplish the vocational program under consideration;
- (v) If the total period the veteran requires exceeds 24 calendar months, when pursued on a full-time basis, and an extension of the basic training period may not be approved under §21.6072 of this part, another suitable vocational goal must be selected for which training can be completed within that period.
- (3) If the veteran's vocational training program would require more than 36 calendar months when pursued on a less than full-time basis, the program must be reevaluated to select a vocational goal for which a suitable vocational training program can be completed within that period.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(2))

(f) Effect of change in the vocational goal on duration of training period. The veteran's vocational goal may be changed during the program in accordance with §21.94 (a) through (d) of this

- part. The extent to which such changes may be made is limited by the following considerations:
- (1) A change of the vocational goal from one field or occupational family to another field or occupational family may only be approved before the end of the first 24 months of training, whether training is pursued on a full-time or a less than full-time basis; and
- (2) A change from one occupational objective to another within the same field or occupational family shall not be considered a change in the vocational goal identified in the veteran's IWRP.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(2))

§21.6072 Extending the duration of a vocational training program.

(a) Extension of the duration of a vocational training program. An extension of a vocational training program as formulated in the IWRP may only be approved to enable the veteran to achieve a vocational goal identified before the end of the first 24 calendar months of the program.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b)(2))

- (b) Maximum number of months for which a program for new participants may be approved. If a veteran had never participated in this temporary program of vocational training, the originally planned period of training may be extended to a total period consisting of the number of months necessary to attain the vocational goal, but in no case will a program be extended for:
- (1) More than 24 calendar months beyond the originally planned period; or
- (2) A period which, when added to the originally planned period, totals more than 48 months, as provided in §21.6074(c) of this part.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1524(b))

(c) Maximum number of months by which a program may be extended for prior participants in the temporary program. (1) A veteran who has previously participated in this program, but who was not rehabilitated to the point of employability, may be provided additional training under this program to complete the prior vocational goal or a different vocational goal, subject to the